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10/790,509	03/01/2004	Manish K. Ahluwalia	200315654-1	1055

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EXAMINER

LI, ZHUO H

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2185

NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
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04/29/2009

ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/790,509	Applicant(s) AHLUWALIA, MANISH K.	
	Examiner ZHUO H. LI	Art Unit 2185	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 February 2009.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-23 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. This Office action is in response to amendment filed 2/17/2009.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

3. Claim 23 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Regarding claim 23, the newly amended limitation “a computer readable storage medium” is not properly defined in the specification. It appears that the specification merely define a computer readable medium may include any medium that can store or transfer information (see page 7 line 8-21). The original specification fails to clearly define or describe what is “a computer readable storage medium” in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over (US PAT. 6,907,494 hereinafter Armilli) in view of Browning et al. (US PAT. 6,918,023 hereinafter Browning).

Regarding claim 1, Armilli discloses a computer device (8, figure 3) comprising a processor (10, figure 3), a memory (22, figure 3) coupled to the processor via the system bus (12, figure 3), and program instructions provided to the memory and executable by the processor to track a virtual address space for a process associated with a device connected to the computer device (figure 2 and col. 5 line 66 through col. 6 line 39), and release a physical address space associated with the virtual address space when the device has a connection removed from the computer device (col. 7 lines 32-57, i.e., removing memory module from data processing system). Armilli differs from the claimed invention in not specifically teaching to provide an indication in a virtual memory data structure associated with the process that the virtual address space, previously available to the process, is no longer valid for use by the process, wherein the indication is triggered by detection that the physical address space that was being used by processes associated with the device has been released; and wherein the indication occurs responsive to the physical address space being released and before release of the virtual address

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space by the process. However, Browning teaches a method for invalidating specified pre-translations maintained in a data processing system which maintains decentralized copies of pre-translations, wherein the data processing system comprising a DMA mapping agent to map a virtual buffer to physical address (steps 802-816, figure 8), when a detection on memory removal operation is being process (col. 7 lines 21 through col. 8 line 44), and also defined in figure 8 that determining whether the RPN entry for the virtual memory page is valid (step 824), when flag is set on memory removal process (step 834), i.e., the indication is triggered by detection that the physical address space that was being used by process associated with the device is being released, and the virtual memory page is maintained for mapping as defined in step 828, and further comprising the steps of to register by providing an indication in the virtual memory data structure for the process that the virtual address space, previously available to the process, is no longer valid for process use, as defined in steps 824-830 in figure 8, and (step 910, figure 9 and col. 8 lines 58-64, i.e., scan all registered RPN lists and invalidates all entries, including virtual address space, corresponding to real pages that within the range of memory to be removed), and (col. 8 lines 53-58, i.e., receiving acknowledgement of interrupt from all CPUs and then triggering to register by detecting that real pages that are within range of memory to be removed). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Arimilli to provide an indication in a virtual memory data structure associated with the process that the virtual address space, previously available to the process, is no longer valid for use by the process, wherein the indication is triggered by detection that the physical address space that was being used by processes associated with the device has been released; and wherein the indication occurs responsive to the physical address space being

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released and before release of the virtual address space by the process, as per teaching of Browning, in order to provide for invalidating pre-translations without the use of locks or semaphores.

Regarding claims 2-3, Arimilli discloses the device includes a device, i.e., mapping engine (26, figure 3), which can be mapped to memory, and the virtual address space includes an input/output space (col. 7 lines 58-65).

Regarding claim 4, Arimilli discloses the program instructions are part of a memory management system, which includes a virtual memory data structure associated with the process (col. 6 line 66 through col. 7 line 15).

Regarding claim 5, Arimilli discloses the program instructions execute to register the virtual address space is no longer valid for process use in the virtual memory data structure associated with the process (col. 8 lines 9-26).

Regarding claim 6, Arimilli discloses the program instructions execute to allocate the virtual address space when the process requests physical memory (col. 8 line 51 through col. 9 line 10).

Regarding claim 7, Arimilli discloses the program instructions execute to register that the virtual address space is available for use when the process releases the virtual address space (col. 7 lines 32-57).

Regarding claim 8, Arimilli discloses a computing device (8, figure 3) comprising a processor (10, figure 3), a random access memory (22, figure 3) coupled to the processor via the system bus (12, figure 3), and program instructions provided to the memory and executable by the processor to deference a virtual address space for a process associated with a removable

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memory mappable device connected to the computer system (figure 2 and col. 5 line 66 through col. 6 line 39), and release a physical address space associated with the virtual address space when the device has a connection removed from the computer device (col. 7 lines 32-57).

Although Armilli teaches to register that the virtual address space before when the process has released the virtual address space (col. 7 lines 32-42), Armilli differs from the claimed invention in not specifically teaching to register by providing an indication in a virtual memory data structure for the process that the virtual address space, previously available to the process, is no longer valid for process use subsequent to when the physical address space is released, wherein registering is triggered by detection that the physical address space that was being used by processes associated with the device has been released; and wherein the registering occurs as the physical address space is released and before release of the virtual address space by the process. However, Browning teaches a method for invalidating specified pre-translations maintained in a data processing system which maintains decentralized copies of pre-translations, wherein the data processing system comprising a DMA mapping agent to map a virtual buffer to physical address (steps 802-816, figure 8), when a detection on memory removal operation is being process (col. 7 lines 21 through col. 8 line 44), and also defined in figure 8 that determining whether the RPN entry for the virtual memory page is valid (step 824), when flag is set on memory removal process (step 834), i.e., registering is triggered by detection that the physical address space that was being used by process associated with the device is being released, and the virtual memory page is maintained for mapping as defined in step 828, and further comprising the steps of to register by providing an indication in the virtual memory data structure for the process that the virtual address space, previously available to the process, is no

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longer valid for process use, as defined in steps 824-830 in figure 8, and (step 910, figure 9 and col. 8 lines 58-64, i.e., scan all registered RPN lists and invalidates all entries, including virtual address space, corresponding to real pages that within the range of memory to be removed), and (col. 8 lines 53-58, i.e., receiving acknowledgement of interrupt from all CPUs and then triggering to register by detecting that real pages that are within range of memory to be removed). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Arimilli to register by providing an indication in the virtual memory data structure for the process that the virtual address space, previously available to the process, is no longer valid for process use, wherein registering is triggered by detection that the physical address space that was being used by processes associated with the device has been released; and wherein the registering occurs as the physical address space is released and before release of the virtual address space by the process, as per teaching of Browning, in order to provide for invalidating pre-translations without the use of locks or semaphores.

Regarding claim 9, Arimilli discloses the program instructions execute to un-map the virtual address space in a manner which do not violate semantics for an operating system of the computing device (abstract and col. 11 lines 6-26).

Regarding claim 10, Arimilli differs from the claimed invention in not specifically teaches the operating system is selected from the group of a Unix operating system and a Linux operating system. However, it is old and notoriously well known in the art that kernel is a core of an operating system, a portion of the system that manages memory, files, and peripheral devices, maintains the time and data, launches applications, and allocates system resources, as defined by Microsoft Computer dictionary Fifth edition, furthermore, kernel is defined as an operating

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system (OS) of the essential part of Unix operating systems, i.e., Linus OS in *On-line Computing Dictionary* (<http://www.instantweb.com/foldoc/foldoc.cgi?query=kernel&action=Search>).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the operating system in the computer system of Arimilli is selected from the group of a Unix operating system and a Linux operating system, because it improves and enhances the flexibility in the computer system.

Regarding claims 11-12, Arimilli discloses the program instructions execute to allow the process to un-map the virtual address space subsequent to the release of the physical address space and to indicate an operation as failed if the process attempts to perform the operation subsequent to registering that the virtual address space is no longer valid for process use (col. 7 lines 17-42).

Regarding claim 13, Armilli discloses a computer device (8, figure 3) comprising a processor (10, figure 3), a memory (22, figure 3) coupled to the processor via a system bus (12, figure 3), the memory including program instructions for maintaining a virtual memory data structure specific to a process as part of a memory management system, i.e., program provided an address translation mechanism that translates virtual addresses to physical addresses (col. 5 lines 5-53), and means for un-mapping a virtual address space, i.e., processor's move engine (28, figure 3), for a process in a manner which does not violate semantics for an operating system of the computing device when a removable memory mappable device associated with the process is logically disconnected (abstract and col. 7 line 32 through col. 9 line 10, i.e., the processor's move engine works in conjunction with the associated mapping engine to take the associated memory module offline, read as un-mapping a virtual address space, prior to its physically

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removal, read as when the removable memory mappable device associated with the process is logically disconnected, such that the memory module can be removed in physical memory without the operating system having to direct and control the reconfiguration of physical memory to accomplish the physical memory change, read as for a process in a manner which does not violate semantics for an operating system of the computing device). Arimilli differs from the claimed invention in not specifically teaching that means for un-mapping the virtual address space for the process that is triggered as a physical address space used by the process is being released. However, Browning teaches a method for invalidating specified pre-translations maintained in a data processing system which maintains decentralized copies of pre-translations, wherein the data processing system comprising a DMA mapping agent to map a virtual buffer to physical address (steps 802-816, figure 8), when a detection on memory removal operation is being process (col. 7 lines 21 through col. 8 line 44), and also defined in figure 8 that determining whether the RPN entry for the virtual memory page is valid (step 824), when flag is set on memory removal process (step 834), i.e., registering is triggered by detection that the physical address space that was being used by process associated with the device is being released, and the virtual memory page is maintained for mapping as defined in step 828, and further comprising the steps of to register by providing an indication in the virtual memory data structure for the process that the virtual address space, previously available to the process, is no longer valid for process use, as defined in steps 824-830 in figure 8, and (step 910, figure 9 and col. 8 lines 58-64, i.e., scan all registered RPN lists and invalidates all entries, including virtual address space, corresponding to real pages that within the range of memory to be removed), and (col. 8 lines 53-58, i.e., receiving acknowledgement of interrupt from all CPUs and then

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triggering to register by detecting that real pages that are within range of memory to be removed). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Arimilli in having means for un-mapping the virtual address space for the process that is triggered as a physical address space used by the process is being released, as per teaching of Browning, in order to provide for invalidating pre-translations without the use of locks or semaphores.

Regarding claim 14, Arimilli discloses the program instructions execute to dereference the virtual address space for the process (col. 7 line 43 through col. 8 line 8 line 50, i.e., to perform memory reconfiguration in response to memory module M2 being removed from data processing system).

Regarding claim 15, Arimilli discloses the means for un-mapping the virtual address space includes program instructions, which execute to maintain a representation of an object associated with the process in the virtual memory data structure of the process (col. 8 line 51 through col. 9 line 10, i.e., creating a virtualized physical mapping from the addressable read address space being utilized by operating system into a virtual physical address space).

Regarding claim 16, Browning discloses the means for un-mapping the virtual address space includes program instructions which execute to remove a mapping of the object to physical memory (col. 8 line 45 through col. 9 line 27).

Regarding claims 17-18, Browning discloses the means for un-mapping the virtual address space includes program instructions which execute to register in the virtual memory data structure of the process that the virtual address space associated with the process is not available for use, and the program instructions execute to set a bit in the region of the virtual memory data

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structure to indicate that the virtual address space is not available for use (col. 8 line 45 through col. 9 line 27).

Regarding claim 19, the limitations of the claim are rejected as the same reasons as set forth in claim 8.

Regarding claims 20-21, the limitations of the claims are rejected as the same reasons set forth in claims 11-12.

Regarding claim 22, the limitations of the claim are rejected as the same reasons as set forth in claim 1.

Regarding claim 23, the limitations of the claim are rejected as the same reasons set forth in claim 19.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed on 2/17/2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In respond to Applicant's amendment, the 35 U.S.C. 101 rejection is withdrawn because the claimed limitation are limited to a tangible storage device, such as a ROM or a flash memory, etc.. However, the newly amended limitation "a computer readable storage medium" was not properly defined or describe in the original specification such that a 112 1st rejection is made (see above 112 1st rejection).

In respond to Applicant's argument that the cited reference do not teach, suggest, or render obvious each and every element and limitation for independent claims 1, 8, 19, and 22-23, especially the cited reference do not teach the registering occurs as the physical address space is

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released and before release of the virtual address space by the process. It is noted that the limitation stated in claims 1 and 8 is unclear how to registering is triggered to detect the physical address space is released, when the device has been released. Examiner took a broadly interpretation to make a rejection based upon the other similar limitation in claims 13, 19, 22, and 23, which registering is triggered to detect the physical address space is released, when the device is being released. According, Browning teaches to determining memory removal in process flag set, i.e., memory is being released or not, after confirmed the RPN entry for the virtual memory page valid by the DMA mapping engine, and if the flag is set, it further perform DMA mapping to remapping corresponding to the virtual memory page, i.e., old physical address space is released before release of the virtual address space, as defined in figure 8, and col. 7 line 21 through col. 8 line 64), so as addressed in the modified rejection above. Thus, claims 1, 8, 19, and 22-23 are rejected by the combination of Arimilli and Browning.

In respond to Applicant's argument that the proposed combination does not teach "provide an indication in a virtual memory data structure associated with the process", Browning clearly teaches providing a flag to indicate whether virtual memory is removed in progress (step 834, figure 8 and col. 8 lines 32-44) and reinitializing RPN entry and mark entry as valid when memory remove in progress flag is not set such that the memory remove in progress flag provides an indication in a virtual memory data structure associated with the process.

In respond to Applicant's argument that the proposed combination does not teach "provide an indication...that the virtual address space, previously available to the process, is no longer valid for use by the process", it appears that Browning clearly teaches the RPN entry for the virtual memory page, previously available to the process (before the memory remove in

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progress flag being set), is not longer valid for use by the process when the memory remove in progress flag set see step 836, initializing DMA mapping that it points to physical address for this virtual memory page (col. 8 lines 23-26). Thus, the combination of Armilli and Browning teaches the claimed limitations as recited in claim 1.

In respond to Applicant's argument that the proposed combination does not teach "wherein registering the indication is triggered by detection the physical address space.. has been released", Browning teaches to clear memory remove in progress flag when it is acknowledge that real pages that are within range of memory has been removed or release (figure 9 and col. 8 line 65 through col. 9 line 10). Thus, Browning does teach the claimed limitations as recited in claim 1.

As explained above, the proposed combination of Armilli in view of Browning does teach at least the features noted above and recited in claim 1. Therefore, a prima facie case establishing an obviousness rejection has been made, and the rejection is maintained. Claims 8, 19, 22 and 23 are also rejected for the same reasons as stated above.

In respond to Applicant's argument that the proposed combination does not teach "means for unmapping a virtual address space for the process", it appears that Armilli teaches each virtual address space is translated by a page table translation into real address space (see col. 6 lines 3-39). Note Armilli also teaches to remove a particular module so that a move engine provides a virtualization function of the physical memory to perform data transfer between modules of physical memory as reconfiguration (col. 7 lines 16-31). Thus, the virtual memory address space for the process as taught by Armilli needs to be unmapped when the particular

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module is removed. Therefore, the proposed combination of Armilli in view of Browning does teach at least the features noted above and recited in claim 13.

Conclusion

7. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ZHUO H. LI whose telephone number is (571)272-4183. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon - Fri 6:00am - 2:30pm..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sanjiv Shah can be reached on 571-272-4098. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Tuan V. Thai/
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